

### WOODLANDS DIVISION

#### CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS PROJECTS

FY 2018 - FY 2027

#### The Woodlands

#### Wastewater

- 3 wastewater treatment plants
- 30 lift stations
- >50 miles of sewer mains
- >1,100 manholes
- >20 miles of force main



#### Water

- 5 water plants
- 38 water wells
- 6 elevated storage tanks
- 8 ground storage tanks
- >126 miles of water mains



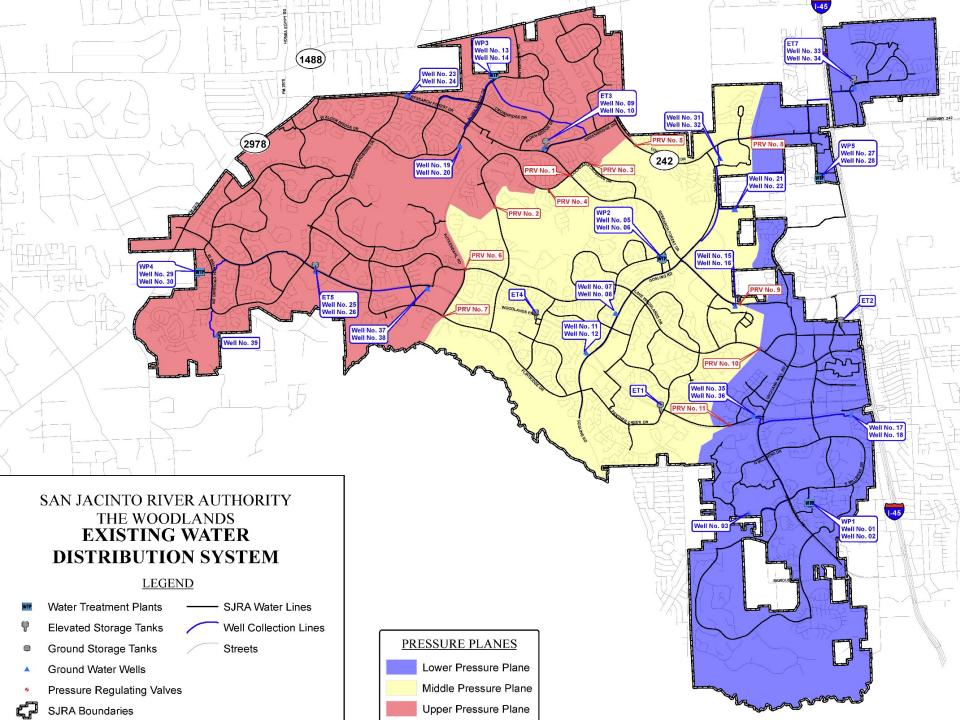
#### Contents

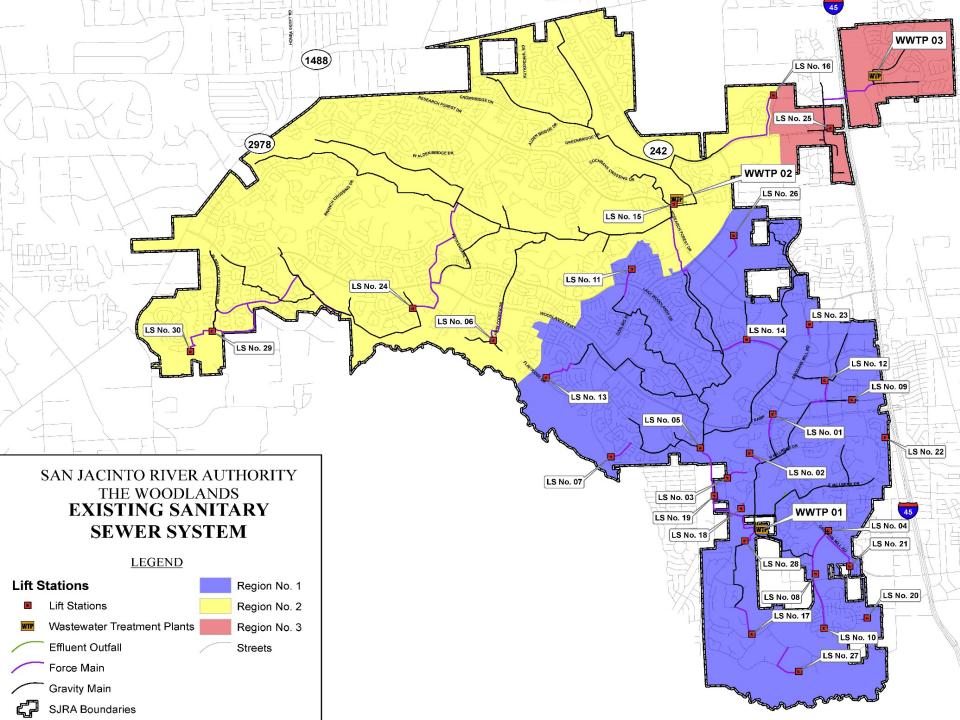
Woodlands Systems

CIP Goals and Development

Proposed FY 2017 – FY 2027 CIP

Previous CIP Comparison





## Capital Improvement Program Goals

Meet service level expectations

- Manage aging infrastructure
  - Extend useful life
  - Reduce risk of system failure

- Provide Capacity
  - Meet needs of future growth
- Meet regulatory requirements

### How Projects are Determined

- Asset Management
  - Risk of Failure = Likelihood of Failure x
     Consequence of Failure
  - Age / Condition assessment
  - Repair / rehabilitation history
  - Staff inspections
  - Study results
- New development
  - Sixth & Final Accounting Capacity projects
  - Planned and unplanned development / redevelopment
- Upcoming regulatory changes

# Asset Priority Based Risk Analysis

ıre	High	Repair/Replace on Failure	Programmed Rehab/Replace	Immediate Rehab/Replace			
d of Failure	Monitor and Forecast		Proactive Assessment	Programmed Rehab/Replace			
Likelihood	Low Forecast		Opportunistic Assessment / Forecasting	Proactive Assessment			
1	Low		Moderate	High			
	Consequence of Failure						

# Assets are Prioritized Based on Risk of Failure

# Risk of Failure = Consequence of Failure x Likelihood of Failure



# How Severe Are the Consequences of Failure?

- Health & Safety
- Loss of service
- Regulatory compliance
- Environmental impact
- Community disruption

- Public image
- Workforce stress
- Damage to property
- Loss of revenue
- Repair costs



# What is the Likelihood of Failure?

- Age
- Physical condition
- Repair history
- Capacity and utilization

- Material
- Weather exposure
- Corrosive environment
- Functionality

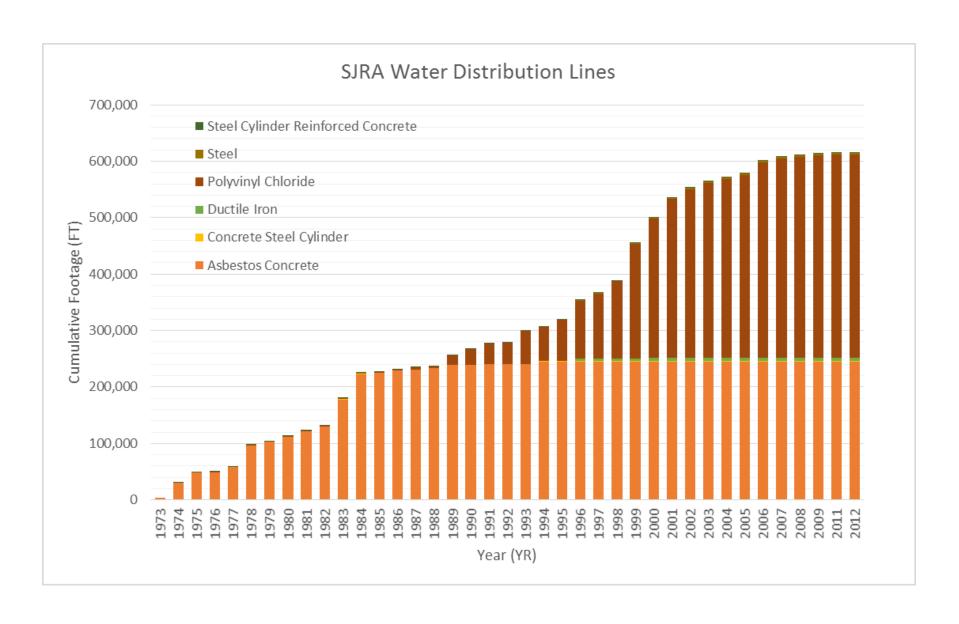
# Sample Performance Evaluation Wastewater Collection System

- Capacity to convey 2027 dry weather flows (utilization less than 90%)
- Capacity to convey 2027 flows resulting from a 5-year / 24-hour design storm
- Flow minimum 4-feet below the manhole cover is maintained during peak flows
- Lift station flows within 75% of available firm capacity
- Lift station wet well detention time < 30-minutes at average flows

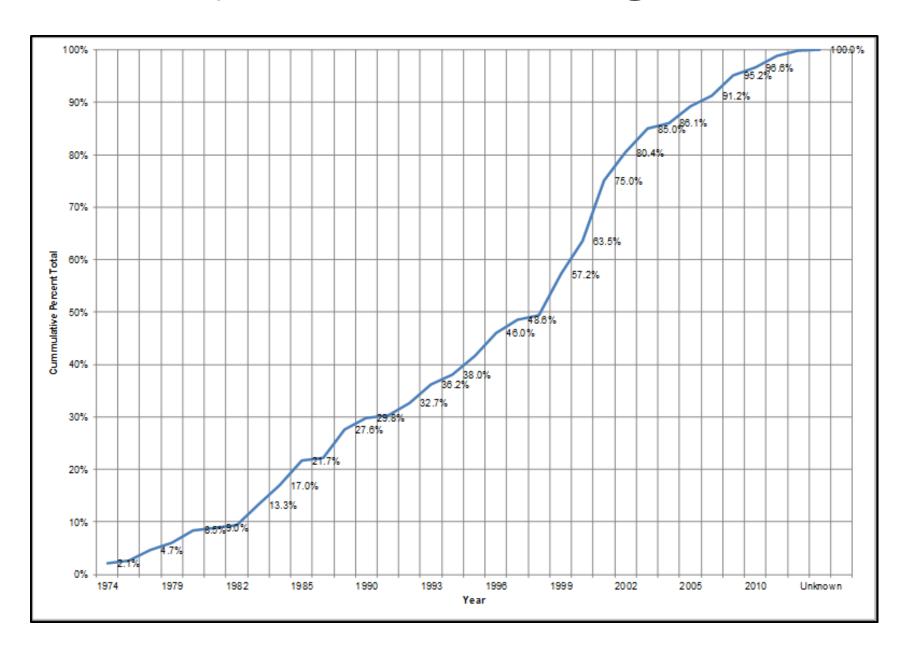
#### Other Performance Factors

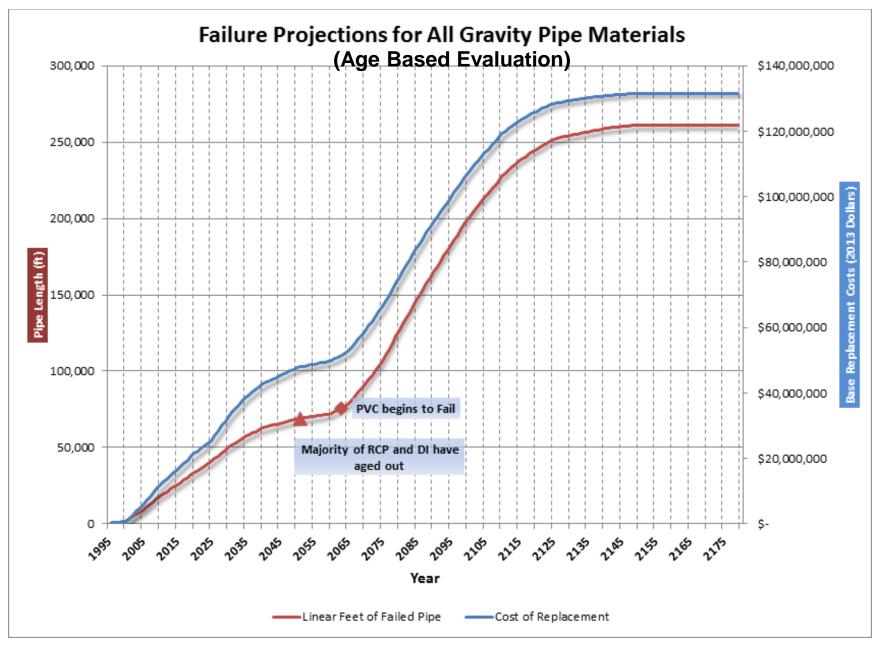
- Frequency of sanitary sewer overflows
- Frequency of odor complaints
- WWTF effluent quality data (Discharge Monitoring Report) incidences of below average performance
- Number of corrective maintenance work orders issued per asset
- Number of work orders issued per water and wastewater system asset group per year: Total, Corrective, and Preventative

#### Water Main Pipe Material / Age Profile

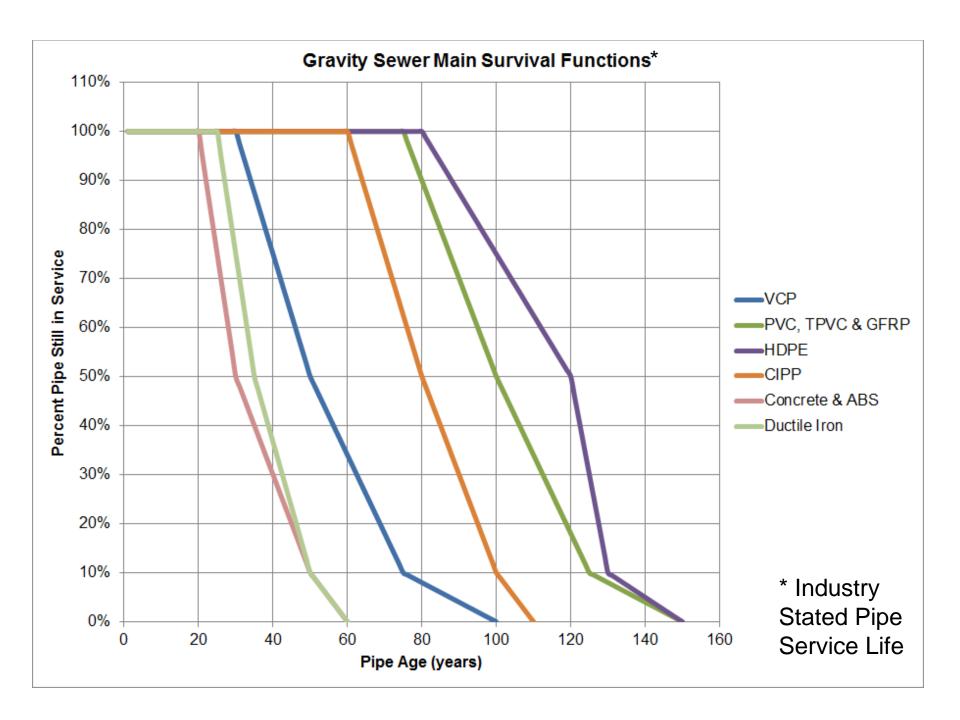


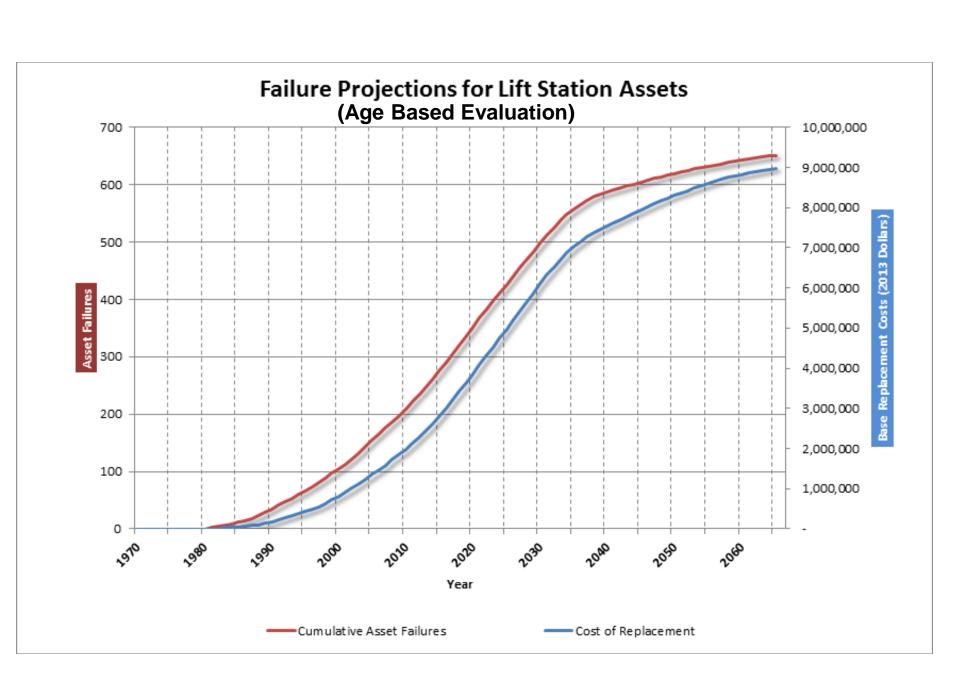
## Gravity Sewer Main Pipe Age Profile

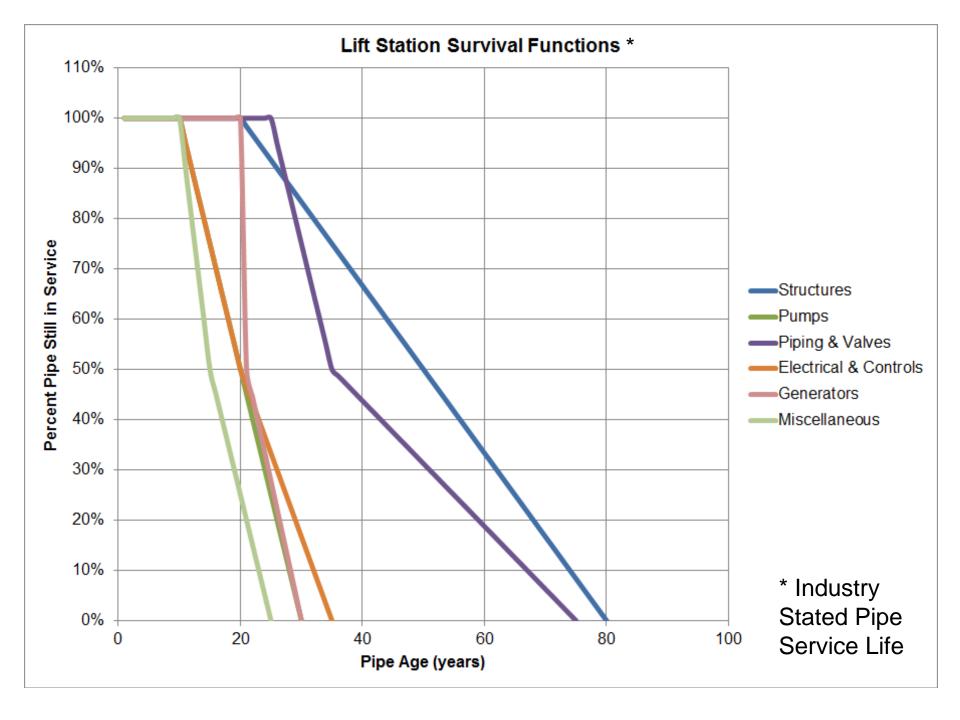


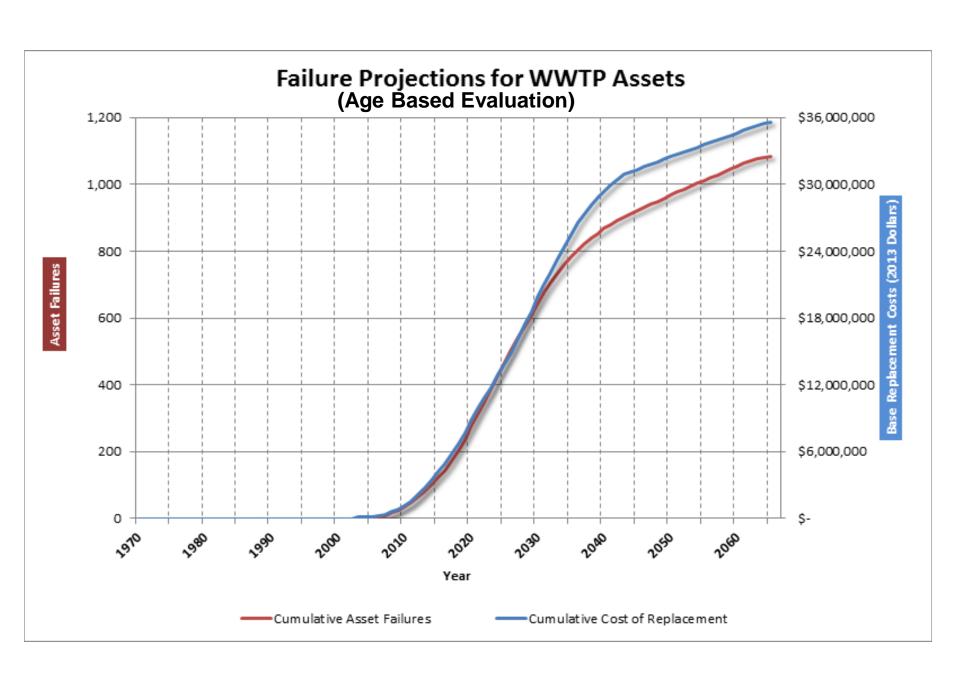


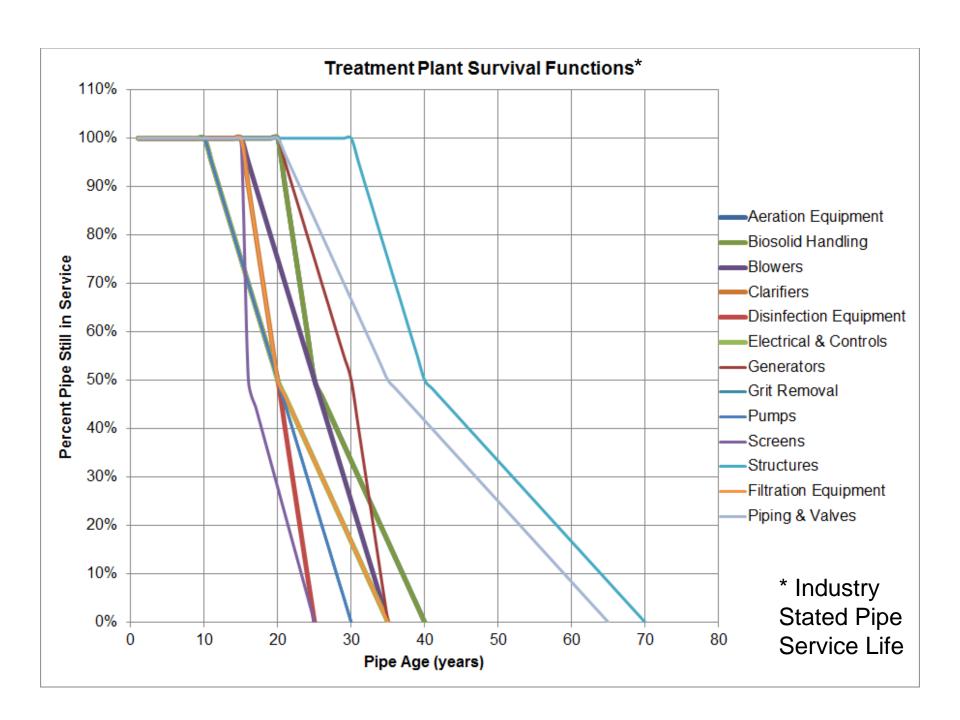
RCP – Reinforced Concrete Pipe DI – Ductile Iron











# Sample Risk Assessment

				water Program atment Plants	
	LIKELIHOOD OF FAILURE COMP	PONENTS		CONSEQUENCE OF FAILURE COMPO	ONENTS
		100			100
	Component	Weight			Weight
1	Condition (rating via direct inspection)	5	1	Public health and safety	10
2	Staff opinion of condition	10	2	Utility employees health and safety	10
3	Reactive Repair History (Work orders / year)	10	3	Customers - Loss of service (commercial impact)	10
4	Age (yr)	10	4	Utility - Repair cost	10
5	Performance	10	5	Utility - Inhouse Repair Capability	10
6	Plant Area/ subarea	5	6	Number of customers affected (service interruption)	10
7	Enclosure Protection	5	7	Loss of service to critical Subarea	10
8	Corrosive Environment	10	8	Number of MUDs affected	10
9	Capacity (current & Future)	5	9	Effluent quality	10
10	Equipment Service	10	10	TPDES Violation	10
11	Maintenance Requirements (WO)	5			
12	Reliability	10			
13	Electrical Efficiency	5			

Sample Results Gravity Mains

Asset ID	LOF	COF	Risk Score	Risk Rank	Length (ft)	Comments	RIM
01.05.36.RCP.050	7.45	5.47	4.07	1	731	Line A - TV/Rehab	R
02.00.72.RCP.016	6.98	5.77	4.03	2	8,008	Bear Branch- TV	I
02.00.48.RCP.009	6.30	5.95	3.75	3	1,658	Bear Branch - TV	1
01.05.42.DI.048	6.52	5.35	3.48	4	3,487		1
02.00.21.RCP.019	6.90	4.78	3.30	5	6,344	Line C - TV/Rehab	R
01.00.24.VCP.042	6.13	4.99	3.06	6	2,607		I
02.00.42.RCP.007	5.80	5.24	3.04	7	3,337	Bear Branch - TV	1
01.00.18.RCP.073	6.00	5.00	3.00	8	97		Check
01.00.18.RCP.049	7.45	3.93	2.93	9	1,336	Line B - TV/Rehab	R
01.28.18.RCP.035	7.05	3.97	2.80	10	5,414	Line E - TV	I
02.00.24.DI.003	5.65	4.90	2.77	11	2,046		I
02.00.24.GFR.012	5.15	5.35	2.76	12	2,980		1
01.05.21.RCP.058	6.56	4.18	2.74	13	4,198		I
01.05.24.DI.065	5.78	4.75	2.74	14	3,309		I
02.00.48.GFR.008	4.55	5.94	2.70	15	3,025	Bear Branch - TV	i
01.05.15.VCP.044	5.83	4.57	2.66	16	5,574		i
02.00.18.VCP.068	6.15	4.30	2.64	17	66		i
01.05.18.RCP.054	7.05	3.73	2.63	18	2,502	Line F - TV (VCP)	М
01.05.15.ABS.043	6.07	4.24	2.57	19	2,107		I
01.05.18.VCP.055	5.76	4.20	2.42	20	2,560		I
01.05.42.DI.079	4.58	5.24	2.40	21	12,505		M

# Resulting in a CIP

PROJECT NAME	PROJECT ID		FISCAL YEAR	DIVISION
Water Plant No. 4 Ground Storage Tank No. 2	WA4GT2	[2	2019	Woodlands
PROJECT DESCRIPTION/JUSTIFICATION:		PROJE	CT MAP/PICTURE	

#### PROJECT DESCRIPTION/JUSTIFICATION:

Planning/Permitting/PER

Engineering/Design

CPS, CM&I, and CMT

Budget includes contingency

Land Acquisition Equipment Purchase

Construction

Total

An additional Ground Storage Tank (GST) will be required at Water Plant No. 4 to provide additional storage capability. Water plants with only one tank cannot be kept in operation if the tank is out of service. Building a second tank will allow for continuous use of the water plant when maintenance or repairs are being made to either tank. Water model analysis demonstrates a critical need for continuous operation of Water Plant No. 4. If the plant is not operational, large areas within the upper pressure plane would be without water.

Proposed GST No. 2 shall have a storage capacity of 2.0 million gallons, equal to GST No. 1, providing additional storage capability. Two equally sized tanks will be sufficient to meet peak day demands, will simplify control settings, and will minimize call-to-run for surface water and ground water supplies, providing less wear on the supply facilities.

						Min diam		
	FUNDING	STORY				4 3		
☐ DBB	□ 0&M			Name of the last o			- 1 - 1 Fee 15	1000
☐ CMAR			Jacons Sell			170		
☑ CSP	□ R&R	a Higher		Land				
☐ Other	Other     ∴	57,841						
	Capacity	- 1					10 to	- 10.006
Capitalized	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027
	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2020	2027
\$ 310,000 \$ 310,000								
\$ 310,000	\$ 3,103,000							
	\$ 3,103,000							
	γ 310,000							
\$ 620,000	\$ 3,413,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

PROJECT SCHEDULE				DELIVERY	FUNDING
Initiate Cons. Selection	20	19	□ DBB	□ 0&M	
PSA/WO Issued:	2019		☐ CMAR	□ Bonds	
Final Proposal Docs:	2019		✓ CSP	□ R&R	
Proposals/Bids Receiv	20	19	☐ Other	Other	
Const. Contract to Boa	20:	20		Capacity	
Substantial Completio	20:	21	Capitalized	Expensed	
BUDGET *	TOTAL	<b>PREVIOUS</b>	2018	2019	2020

310,000 310,000

310,000

\$ 3,103,000

\$ 4,033,000



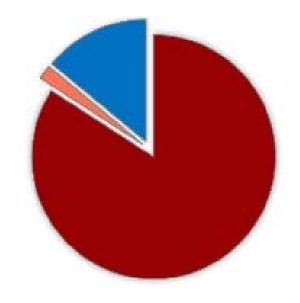
# 10 Year CIP Wet Weather Flow Management

### Projected 2-Hour Peak Flows to WWTF No. 1



# Wet Weather Management

Owner/Operator	% Length	System
WJPA	84%	L Batall Sustam
MUD 386	2%	Retail System
SJRA	14%	Wholesale System



Strategy	Notes / Recommendations
Collection System Storage and Operational Management	High Risk; potential future enforcement action by the TCEQ
Implementation of I/I Reduction Plans (retail and wholesale systems)	Recommended first step to mitigate collection system inflow and WWTF 2-Hour peak flows
Providing 2-Hour Peak Flow Treatment Capacity	This may eventually be necessary if I/I reduction efforts have limited effect and/or if a change occurs in TCEQ's philosophy and interpretation of regulations

# Proposed Path Forward for I&I Reduction

Project	Start	Complete
Complete Bear Branch trunk line, aeration basins, and sludge handling	2018	2020
Conduct minimum 9-months of retail and wholesale flow monitoring and evaluation of data	2020	2022
Identify I&I reduction areas and re- evaluate CIP	2022	2023
Develop new CIP	2023	2023
Implement CIP I&I reduction efforts	2024	ongoing



# Proposed FY 2018 - FY 2027 CIP



# PLEASE REFER TO THE SUMMARY SHEETS PROVIDED.



# Comparison to FY 2017 - FY 2021 CIP

# FY 2017 vs FY 2018 (Non-Capacity & Non-Bonds)

- Water (FY17)
  - 2018 \$1,996,500
  - 2019 \$ 684,000
  - 2020 \$2,222,000
  - 2021 \$1,313,000

- Water (FY18)
  - 2018 \$2,207,700
  - 2019 \$1,157,000
  - 2020 \$1,822,000
  - 2021 \$1,905,000

- Wastewater (FY17)
  - 2018 \$12,931,000
  - 2019 \$ 2,678,000
  - 2020 \$18,150,000
  - 2021 \$ 3,060,000

- Wastewater (FY18)
  - 2018 \$4,854,000
  - 2019 \$5,923,000
  - 2020 \$3,604,000
  - 2021 \$7,549,000



# Questions?